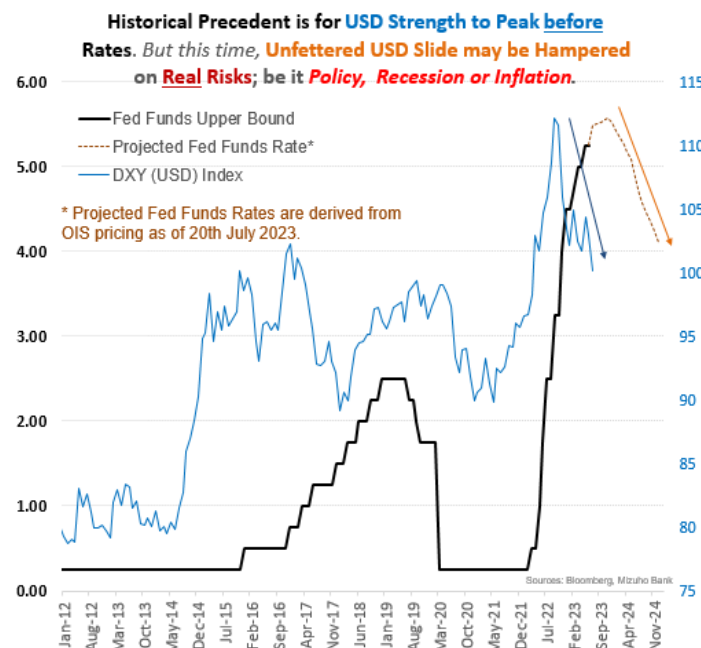


USD: Keeping It Real?

- **USD bears** betting on “peak Fed” risk being **wrong-footed** by *over-estimated “divergence”* and *overdone soft-landing assumptions*; with attendant “risk on” that tends to weaken USD.
- Crucially, **faster US dis-inflation** sharpens **real yield spread advantages** for the USD.
- This **inverts received wisdom** on the higher inflation-currency strength positive correlation for EUR and Majors (DM) FX.
- Apart from **kicking the tyres of rate hike assumptions** associated with higher inflation, this entails a **fundamental shift in viewing DM FX mechanics via real rather than nominal rate differentials**.
- Arguably, this **“real” shift is compelling** in a world where risks of high and volatile inflation now involve DM; not just an “EM problem”.
- And *insofar that EUR tends to have an outsized impact on determining the wider USD trend*, **“real” USD advantages compromise scope for fettered EM FX gains on “peak Fed”**.

“Peak Fed” Bearish USD Bets

The **instinct to sell USD down on “peak Fed” bets** is *understandable but misguided*.

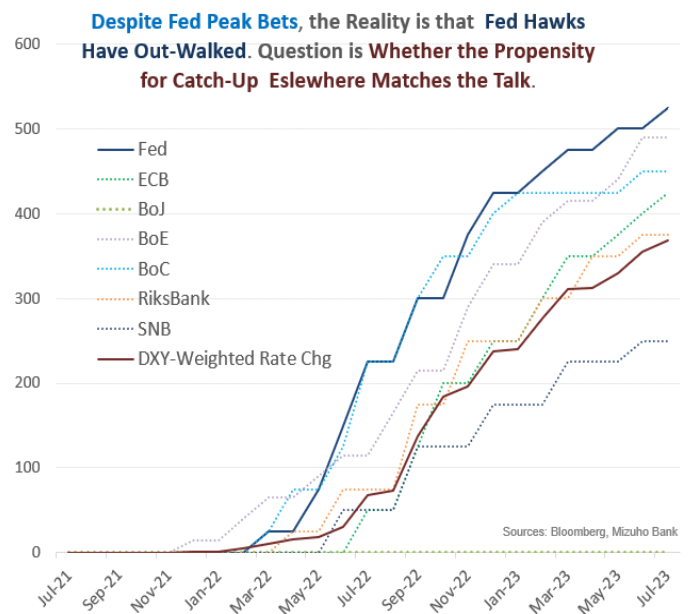


Despite ostensibly compelling empirical evidence of *bearish USD on peak Fed cues*, **unpacking critical drivers** involved not only **de-mystify**, but crucially, **dissociate a bearish USD from “peak Fed”**; by identifying appropriate triggers and conditions.

Accordingly, there are three **very real pitfalls of presuming one-way USD decline premised on bets that Fed hawks are essentially close to exhaustion**.

The Divergence Delusion

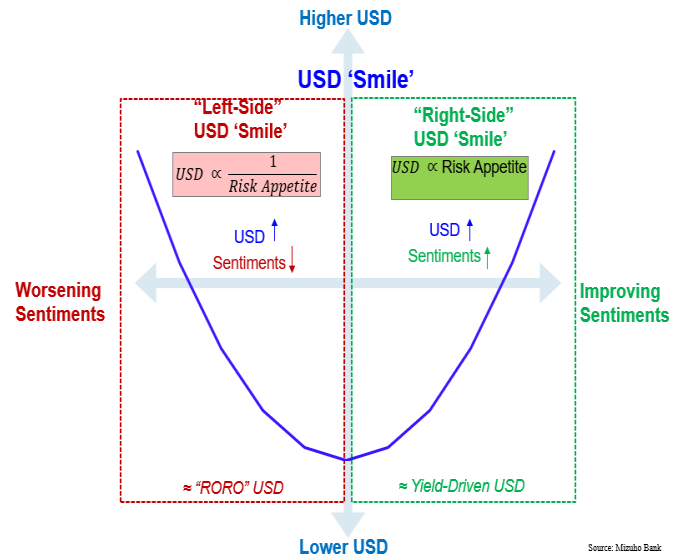
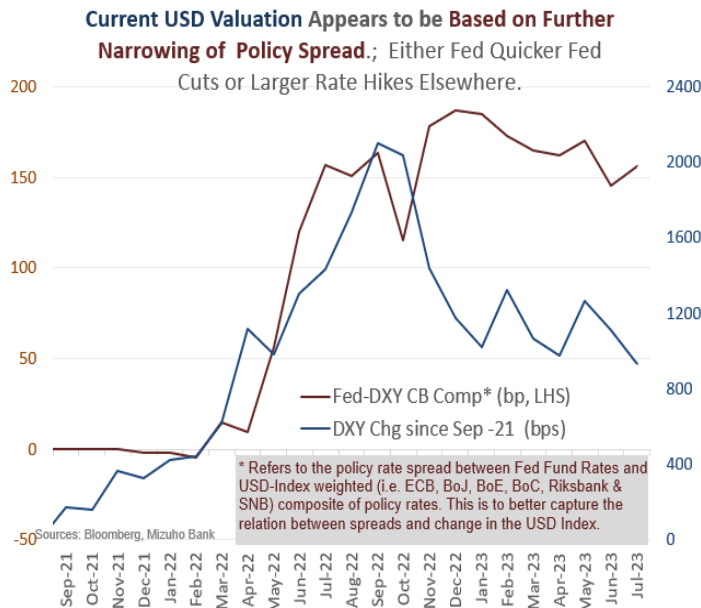
For a start, **“peak Fed” bets** are really *short-hand for assumptions of relative, dovish Fed divergence; resulting in an erosion of US rate/yield advantage* that in turn elicits *attendant USD decline*.



Such divergence requires either; i) **aggressive Fed rate cuts** in quick succession to from “peak” policy rate *or*; ii) that **other Major Central Banks persist with significant tightening after the Fed is done**. Trouble is, **neither is compelling**.

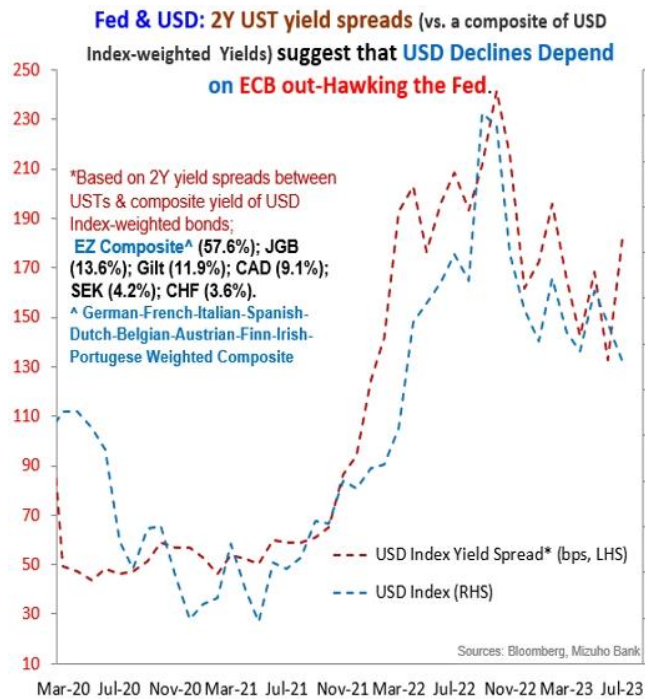
Fact is, the Fed’s concerns about a “sticky inner core” diminishes scope for deep cuts near-term. And *global hard-landing risks* coinciding with sticky inflation

challenge the notion that other central banks will dangerously flirt with policy-induced recession; with steep hikes, in sharp contrast to a Fed pivot.



Specifically, *assumptions of "soft-landing"*, premised on the Fed nearing the end of hikes (and perhaps approaching rate cuts), is expected to trigger USD declines from relief (or perhaps even optimism).

Hence, the **Greenback's pivot down** insofar that it relies on the Fed being relatively "out-hawked", is likely to disappoint. And reckoning with the "divergence delusion", *must arguably diminish scope for aggressive USD sell-off* (as rate differentials continue to support USD contrary to the "peak" bets). Especially as aggressive pricing for Fed hawks to be overtaken has transmitted to yields as well.



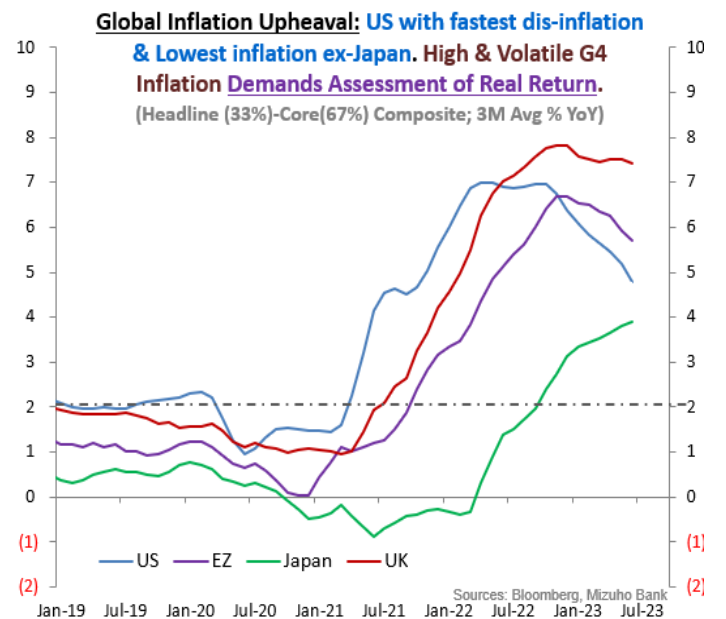
(Overdone) Soft-Landing Cheer?

But even in the absence of dramatic shifts in rates **die-hard USD bears have another "angle of attack"**; which *invokes inherent short USD reflex from relief or "risk on"* via left half of 'USD Smile' mechanics.

Inflated Bearish USD Bets

What's more, even on a trend basis, the **US has the fastest pace of dis-inflation**. And *as a corollary*, the *highest rate of pick-up in implied real returns*.

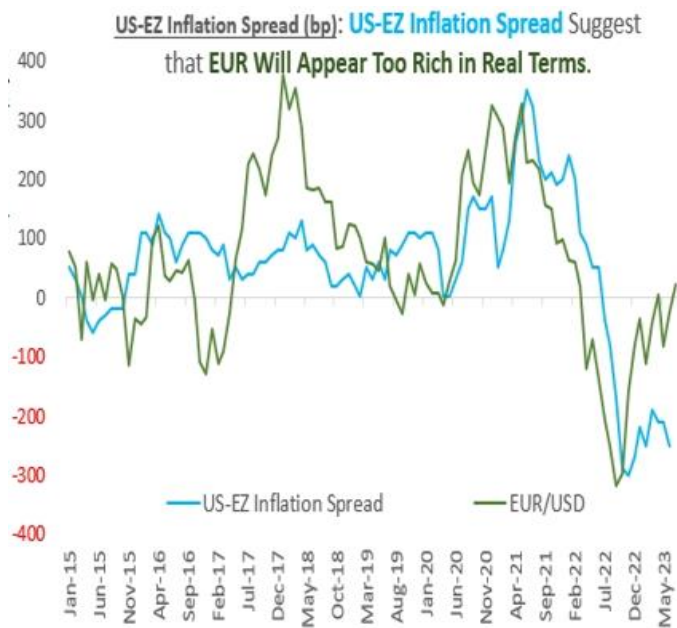
The logic then flows **USD will be getting more, not less, attractive** from (dis-)inflation dynamics across the developed economies. Especially as **EZ and UK inflation remain far more elevated** while *Japan's inflation has yet to peak*.



Simply put, *USD bears are inflated by virtue of inflation (differentials) not being accounted for*; as **nominal spreads grossly understate or mask the real deterioration in short USD bets**.

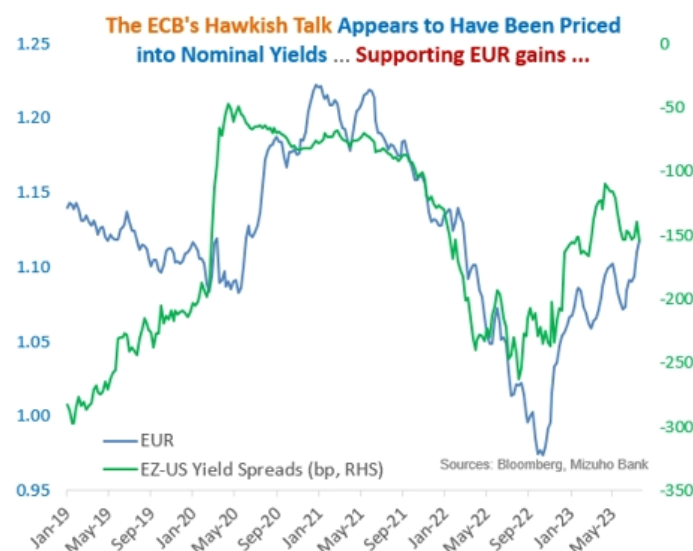
It is worth mentioning that **received wisdom on the irrelevance of real spreads for DM** (and that real spreads only matter for EM) **is fallacious**. Point being, DM used to be assessed on nominal spreads only because low and stable (2%) inflation across DMs rendered inflation differentials irrelevant. But **with DM exhibiting EM-type high and variable inflation, it stands to reason that assessment based on inflation-adjusted, real spreads is warranted.**

The Real (Dollar) Deal

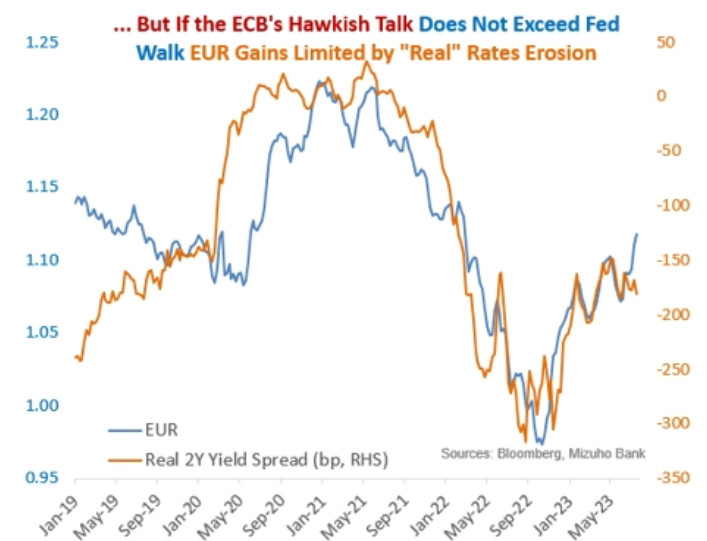


The upshot is that **a shift in thinking to explicitly account for volatile inflation differentials could suggest that USD is oversold**. Case in point being **EUR that appears overvalued once inflation spreads are taken into consideration.**

What's more, the **difference in valuation cues between nominal and real yield spreads is stark.**



Nominal yield spreads suggest EUR is only realizing the lift implied by spreads.



Whereas **real yield spreads suggest EUR is overshooting fair value**. And the thing is that *not only is nominal yield behind the curve in expressing the real support (pun intended) for EUR, but it could also overstate the ECB's hawkish intent baked into yields.*

Dollar Advantage Real-ly Underestimated

And between the two, this reinforces **our view that the USD's decline is exaggerated**. For one, **USD bears are too infatuated with "Peak Fed"** to *realistically assess* the likelihood that *neither ECB nor BoE will materially out-hawk the Fed* given even more precarious recession risks. Second, *adverse risks have not receded durably enough to bank on sustained "risk on" USD pullback*. Finally, *more emphatic US disinflation, spell risks of EUR and GBP erosion* (with UK's inflation even more acute).

With EUR (~58%) and GBP (1~12%) accounting for such a large weight of the USD index (~58%), the **evidence is stacking up overwhelmingly in favour of broad-based USD under-valuation in real terms.**

EM Asia FX

This scope for **broad-based USD upside/rebound on real advantages** is a **key reason to not be seduced by "Peak Fed" arguments** as a basis for **unfettered, one-way short USD bets against AXJ**. *More so as CNH downside risks further undermine AXJ traction in coming months*. In short, recognize USD advantages, expect volatility and stay adequately cautious.

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